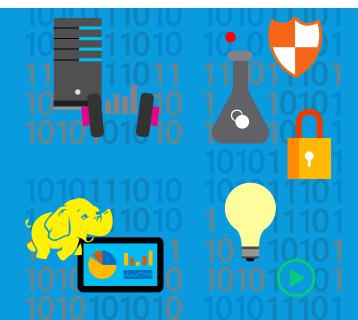


DATA SCIENCE AND BIG DATA OVERVIEW

Azure Machine Learning Track Vladimír Mužný & Marek Chmel



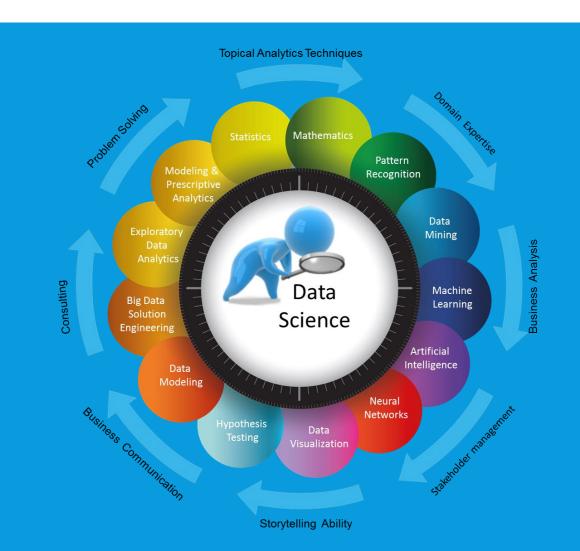


ÚVODEM

- Úvod do Data Science
- Big Data a Data Science
- Práce s daty
 - Získávání dat
 - Analýza
 - Vizualizace

WHAT IS DATA SCIENCE

- Is the study of the generalizable extraction of knowledge from data (Wikipedia)
- Is getting predictive and/or actionable insight from data (Neil Raden)
- Involves extracting, creating, and processing data to turn it into business value. Vincent Granville (Developing Analytic Talent: Becoming a Data Scientist)
- Just because you know how the tools work, doesn't mean you are doing data science!



WHAT IS BIG DATA



Big data is a term for data sets that are so large or complex that traditional data processing application software is inadequate to deal with them. Challenges include capture, storage, analysis, data curation, search, sharing, transfer, visualization, querying, updating and information privacy.

5Vs OF BIG DATA

 Big Data is a big thing. It will change our world completely and is not a passing fad that will go away. To understand the phenomenon that is big data, it is often described using five Vs: Volume, Velocity, Variety, Veracity and Value



Volume, velocity, or Complexity of analysis variety of data Potential impact Potential business Range of tools Smart algorithms impact BIG DATA DATA SCIENCE Difficult to implement Difficult to implement Slow and complex Potentially expensive Narrow focus of Lack of skills available analysis **DATA DISCOVERY** · Ease of use · Limited depth of Agility and flexibility information Time-to-results exploration Installed user base Low complexity of analysis

BIG DATA VS DATA SCIENCE

- Data science is a field that comprises of everything that is related to data cleansing, preparation and analysis
- Big data is something that can be used to analyze insights which can lead to better decisions and strategic business moves
- Data analytics involves automating insights into a certain dataset as well as purposes the usage of queries and data aggregation procedures

DATA SCIENCE ROLES

Data Scientist

A highly educated and skilled person who can solve complex data problems by employing deep expertise in scientific disciplines (mathematics, statistics or computer science)

Data Professional

A skilled person who creates or maintains data systems, data solutions or implements predictive modelling.

Roles: Database Administrator, Database Developer, or BI Developer

Software Developer

A skilled person who designs and develops programming logic, and can apply machine learning to integrate predictive functionality into applications

8 Data Science skills 1.5 million jobs

Opportunities for data scientists—one of today's hottest jobs—are rapidly growing in response to the exponential amounts of data being captured and analyzed. Companies hire data scientists to find insights and to solve meaningful business problems. Get the real-world knowledge and hands-on experience that can help you succeed in one of these new jobs.

Prove that you have what it takes in the Microsoft Professional Program.

DATASCIENCE CERTIFICATION BY MICROSOFT

- https://academy.microsoft.com
- 15 different courses to choose from, you need to pass 10
- Practical exam based on AzureML experiment with Cortana Analytics
 Suite
- MCP Exam 70-774 "Perform Cloud Data Science with Azure Machine"
- MCP Exam 70-773 "Analyzing Big Data with Microsoft R"
- MCP Exam 70-774 "Perform Cloud Data Science with Azure Machine Learning"
- MCP Exam 40-475 "Designing and Implementing Big Data Analytics Solutions"

REAL WORLD APPLICATION FOR DS/BD





Sensor data analysis



Buyer propensity models



Social network analysis



Predictive maintenance



Search engine optimization



Churn analysis



Natural resource exploration



Weather forecasting



Healthcare outcomes





Fraud detection



Life sciences research



Targeted advertising



Network intrusion detection



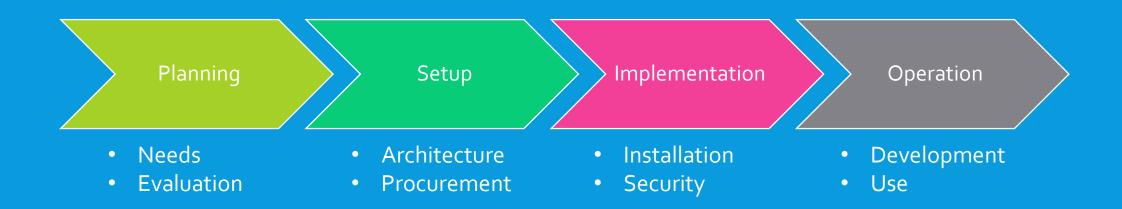


Smart meter monitoring

DATA SCIENCE DEMYSTIFIED

- Data science is used in many fields today but is still clouded with many myths
- We would like to uncover come of those to explain what big data and data science is about

M #1 - BIG DATA WILL INSTANTLY YIELD GREAT INSIGHTS

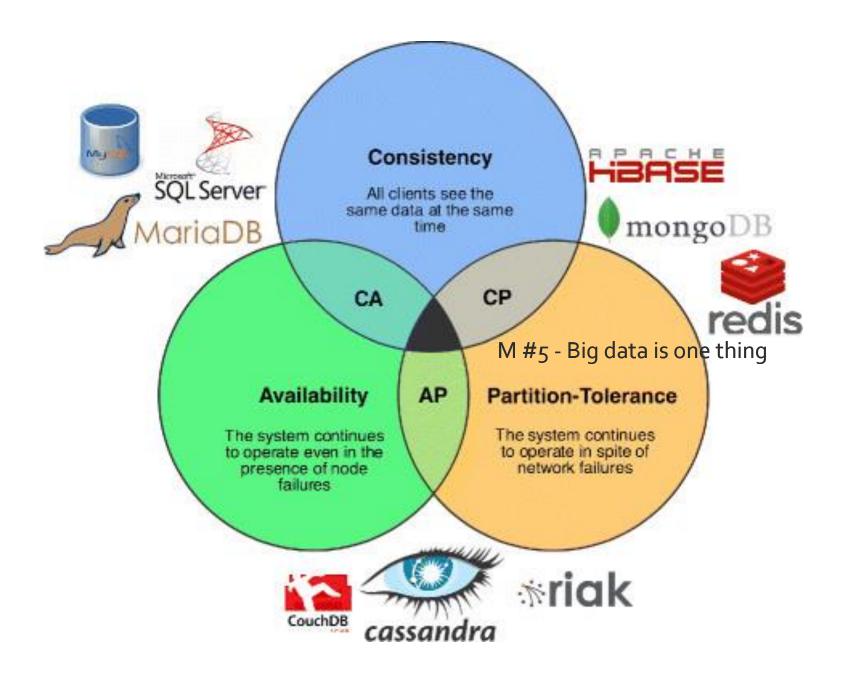


M #2 - BIG DATA WILL MAKE ANALYTICS EASIER

 Big data will bring more data sources to the game and that will not make analytics easier at all. Users will just have more sources for data preparation, more tools for data processing and in the end even more tools for reporting.

M #3 - BIG DATA WILL BE EASY TO SET UP

- Cloud setup considerations
 - Services or machines
 - Response times / backup
 - Zoning
 - Access methods
- On-Premises considerations
 - HW
 - Physical locations
 - Physical security
 - Network Access



M #4 - BIG DATA WILL REPLACE MY RELATIONAL DATABASES

it is impossible for a distributed computer system to simultaneously provide more than two out of three of the following guarantees MAPREDUCE (Processing using different languages)



SPARK (In-Memory

Data Flow Engine)

HIVE & DRILL (Analytical SQL-on-Hadoop)



KAFKA & STORM (Streaming)





MAHOUT & SPARK MLlib (Machine learning)







SOLR & LUCENE

(Searching

& Indexing)

ucene

Solr







OOZIE (Scheduling)









Resource Management

YARN

Storage







Unstructured/ Semi-structured Data

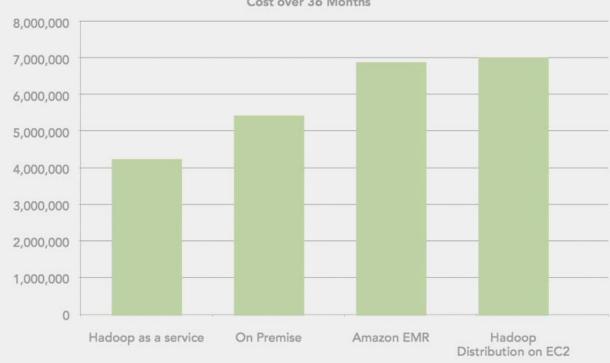


M #5 - BIG DATA IS ONE THING

Hadoop is a framework, consisting of many different tools which can be used for data processing, storage, automation etc.

M #6 - BIG DATA IS CHEAP





M #7 - BIG DATA SYSTEMS ARE FAST

- Apache Hadoop framework used for distributed storage and processing of big data sets using the MapReduce programming model.
- Speed challenges
 - Dependency on MapReduce
 - Distributed data
 - Low-power disk
 - Conversion of analytic functions

M #8 - BIG DATA IS THE IT TEAM'S JOB

- Cloudová technologie pro
 - Příjem a přípravu dat
 - Transformaci dat
 - Publikování a použití dat v následné analýze
- Dostupná jako "Data Factory" ("Datové továrny" v české verzi Azure Portal)
- Publikovaná v US regionech a v North Europe regionu



CHASM

M #9 - BIG DATA IS NECESSARY

PROS

- Real-time data
- Unstructured data
- All the data
- New product offerings

CONS

- Lots of setup
- Unfamiliar interface
- Volumes can be hard to comb through

DATA ACQUISITION

- Variable quality of data, different type of data
 - Cleansing, transforming
- Getting data via traditional ETL
- Data Inspection
 - Profiling task
 - PowerPivot

CATEGORIES OF DATA

- Numeric
 - Discrete
 - Continuous
- Categorical
- Ordinal

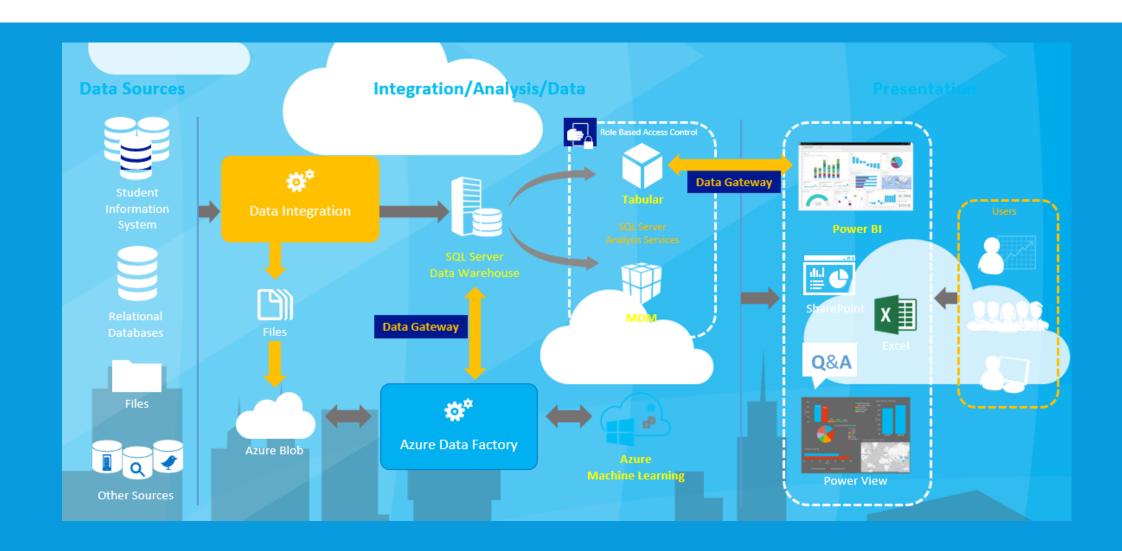
DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

- Key words
 - Mean, Median, Variance
- Visualization is the key

DATA ANALYSIS

- Quantiles
- Variance
- Correlations
- Histograms
- ANOVA
- Z-Test

BIGGER PICTURE



ADDITIONAL READING

- Free eBook
 - https://blogs.msdn.microsoft.com/microsoft_press/2015/04/15/free-ebook-microsoft-azure-essentials-azure-machine-learning/
- Free Azure trial offer at:
 - http://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/pricing/free-trial
- Free Azure Machine Learning Trial offer at:
 - https://studio.azureml.net/Home
- Azure Machine Learning:
 - http://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/services/machine-learning/
- · Azure Machine Learning Data Market:
 - http://datamarket.azure.com/browse?query=machine%2olearning
- Azure Machine Learning gallery
 - https://gallery.azureml.net
- Azure Machine Learning blog
 - http://blogs.technet.com/b/machinelearning
- Videos: PASS Data Science Virtual Chapter
 - https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCqB3xWdwjA9soFV6EOu7qfg